Electropneumatic Positioner and Pneumatic Positioner Type 3760



Application

Single-acting positioners for direct attachment to pneumatic control valves. Supplied with an electric input signal of 4 to 20 mA or a pneumatic input signal of 0.2 to 1 bar (3 to 15 psi).

For travels from 5 to 15 mm









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The positioners ensure a predetermined assignment of the valve stem position (controlled variable x) to the control signal (reference variable w). They compare the control signal issued by a controller with the travel of the control valve and issue an output signal pressure p_{st} (output variable y).

The positioners have the following special features: suitable for normal and split-range operation; reversible operating direction; excellent dynamic response; low supply air consumption, insensitive to mechanical vibration; compact, low-maintenance design; optionally available with inductive limit switch and, on request, output pressure limiter.

A version for hazardous areas with type of protection "Intrinsic safety" (a) Il 2 G EEx ia IIC T6 according to ATEX is available for the proximity switch circuit and for the signal circuit of the electropneumatic positioner (see summary of explosion protection certificates).

Type of protection EEx d with Type 6116 i/p Converter (Fig. 2) Direct attachment to Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuators with effective areas of 120, 240 and 350 cm² (see T 8310-1 EN).

Optionally available with a pressure gauge (scale 0 to 6 bar and 0 to 90 psi) to monitor the signal pressure. The pressure gauge housing is made of stainless steel; connection optionally nickel-plated or completely of stainless steel.

Versions

Type 3760 Electropneumatic Positioner (Fig. 1)

Version suitable for non-hazardous areas. Signal pressure ranges from 0 to 6 bar (0 to 90 psi); supply air from 1.4 to 6 bar (20 to 90 psi). Reference variable: standard version 4 to 20 mA.

Type 3760 Electropneumatic Positioner

Same version as above, except for its use in hazardous areas. Type of protection (E) II 2 G EEx ia IIC T6 for the signal circuit Type of protection EEx d with Type 6116 i/p Converter (Fig. 2) On request, also available with an intrinsically safe inductive limit switch.

Type 3760 Pneumatic Positioner

Reference variable 0.2 to 1 bar (3 to 15 psi), signal pressure ranges from 0.2 to approx. 6 bar (3 to approx. 90 psi); supply air from 1.4 to 6 bar (20 to 90 psi). On request, also available with an intrinsically safe inductive limit switch.

The article codes contain detailed ordering information.



Fig. 1 · Type 3760 Positioner



Fig. 2 · Micro-flow control valve with EEx d positioner (Type 3760 with Type 6116 i/p Converter)

Associated Information Sheet

T 8350 EN

Edition February 2006

Principle of operation

The only difference between the positioners is that the electropneumatic positioner is equipped with an i/p converter (2).

Both positioners ensure a predetermined assignment of the valve stem position to the control signal. The controlled variable x is the valve travel. The reference variable w is either a DC signal (i) for the electropneumatic positioner (i/p) or a pneumatic signal (pe) for the pneumatic positioner (p/p). The DC signal and the pneumatic signal are both issued by a connected controller. The manipulated variable y is the positioner's output pressure (pst).

The Type 3760 Positioners are designed for direct attachment to SAMSON Type 3277 Actuators.

In the electropneumatic positioner, the direct current signal i is transmitted from the controller to the i/p converter (2), where it is converted into a proportional air pressure pe of 0.2 to 1 bar or 3 to 15 psi.

In the pneumatic positioner, the control signal pe provided as air pressure is directly transmitted to the measuring diaphragm (3).

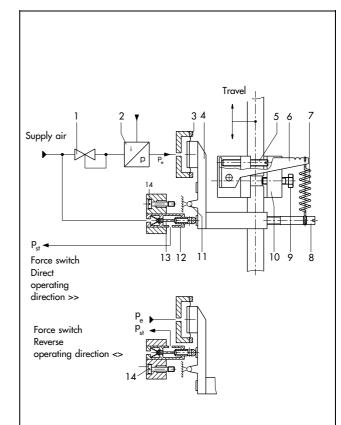
The pneumatic control signal pe produces a force at the measuring diaphragm (3) which is compared to the force of the range spring (7). The motion of the measuring diaphragm (3) is transmitted to the double plug (13) of the force switch (12) via the lever (4). As a result, a corresponding signal pressure pst is produced. Any changes in the control signal pe or the valve stem position causes changes in the signal pressure pst. Thus, the plug stem of the valve moves to the position which corresponds to the reference variable.

The positioners can be used for both standard and split-range operation. Note that the signal pressure range (range of the output pressure pst) must match the spring range of the actuator. In split-range operation, the output signal of a control station intended to control two control valves is divided in such a way that each actuator passes through its full travel at half the input span. For a span between 0.2 and 1 bar, for example, the first valve is adjusted to the first half (from 0.2 to 0.6 bar), the second is adjusted to the second half (from to 0.6 to 1 bar).

The adjustment screws for zero (5) and span (8) are used to set the lower and upper range values of the input signal. The range spring (7) must be chosen to match both the rated travel of the control valve and the nominal span of the reference variable.

Operating direction

When the pneumatic control signal pe (reference variable) increases, the signal pressure pst can be selected to be increasing (direct action >>) or decreasing (reverse action <>). The operating direction is determined by the position of the force switch (12) and can also be changed on site.



- Pressure regulator i/p converter 2
 - Measuring diaphragm 10
- 4 Diaphragm lever 5 Adjustment screw (zero)

3

- 6 Lever Range spring
- Adjustment screw (span)
- Clamping screw
- Clamp
- Axis of rotation 11 12 Force switch
- 13 Double plug 14 Screw

Fig. 3 · Functional diagram of Type 3760 Positioner

Table 1 · Technical data

| Travel range | | 5 to 15 mm (see Table 2 for range springs) | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Reference variable | Pneumatic | 0.2 to 1 bar (3 to 15 psi) | | | | | | | | |
| Span for split-range operation 0 to 50 % or | Electric | 4 to 20 mA (only Ex) \cdot Ri $_{\cong}$ 250 Ω \pm 7 % | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4 to 20 mA (non-Ex) \cdot Ri \cong 200 Ω \pm 7 $\%$ | | | | | | | | |
| 50 to 100 % | | 0 to 20 mA $ \qquad \qquad \text{Ri} \cong \text{200} \Omega \pm 7 \% $ | | | | | | | | |
| (R _i = internal resistance at 20 °C) | | 1 to 5 mA \cdot Ri \cong 880 Ω \pm 7 % | | | | | | | | |
| Supply air | | 1.4 to 6 bar (20 to 90 psi) | | | | | | | | |
| | Air quality acc. to ISO 8573-1 (2001) | Maximum particle size and density: Class 4 · Oil contents: Class 3 Pressure dew point: Class 3 or at least 10 K below the lowest expected ambient temperature | | | | | | | | |
| Output signal pressure pst | | Max. 0 to 6 bar (0 to 90 psi) | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristic | | Linear; deviation from terminal-based conformity ≤1.5 % | | | | | | | | |
| Hysteresis | | ≤ 0.5 % | | | | | | | | |
| Sensitivity | | < 0.1 % | | | | | | | | |
| Operating direction | | Reversible | | | | | | | | |
| Air consumption in stead | dy state | At 0.6 bar signal pressure and supply air pressure up to 6 bar ≤100 l _n /h | | | | | | | | |
| Air output capacity | | At $\Delta p = 1.4$ bar 1600 I_n/h · At $\Delta p = 6$ bar 5000 I_n/h | | | | | | | | |
| Transit times with Type 3277 Actuator (15 mm travel, 0.2 to 1 bar signal pressure) | | $120 \text{ cm}^2 \le 2s + 240 \text{ cm}^2 \le 6s + 350 \text{ cm}^2 \le 8s$ | | | | | | | | |
| Permissible ambient temp | perature | -20 to +70 °C ⋅ Wider temperature range on request | | | | | | | | |
| (Note the limits specified in the EC Type Examination Certificate) | | Down to -30 °C with metal cable gland Down to -40 °C with metal cable gland and Type 6112 i/p Converter The limits of the EC Type Examination Certificate additionally apply for explosion- protected devices. -40 to 70 °C with Type 3760 used as pneumatic positioner without proximity switch | | | | | | | | |
| Influence | Temp. zero point | ≤ 0.03 %/°C | | | | | | | | |
| influence | Span | ≤ 0.03 %/°C | | | | | | | | |
| | Vibration | Between 5 and 120 Hz and 2 g \leq 0.5 $\%$ | | | | | | | | |
| | Supply air | ≤ 1 % between 1.4 and 6 bar | | | | | | | | |
| Variable position when t | turned 180° | < 3.5 % | | | | | | | | |
| Degree of protection | | IP 54 (IP 65 special version) | | | | | | | | |
| Weight | | 0.6 kg | | | | | | | | |
| Accessories | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inductive limit switch (proximity switch) | | Type SJ2-SN | | | | | | | | |
| Control circuit | | Values corresponding to the downstream transistor relay | | | | | | | | |
| Hysteresis at rated travel | | ≤ 1 % | | | | | | | | |

Table 2 · Range springs

| Range spring | Reference variable (%) | Travel (mm) | | | |
|-----------------|--|----------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | 0 to 100 Split-range 0 to 50 or 50 to 100 | 12/15 6/7.5 | | | |
| 2 | 0 to 100 | 6/7.5 | | | |
| 3 | Split-range 0 to 50 | 12/15 | | | |
| 4 | Split-range 50 to 100 | 12/15 | | | |
| 5 | 0 to 100 | 5 | | | |
| 6 | 0 to 100 | 20 | | | |
| 7 | Split-range 0 to 50 or 50 to 100 | 5 | | | |

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Positioner attachment

The positioners are designed for direct attachment to Type 3277 Actuators with effective areas 350 cm² and smaller. They are secured directly to the actuator yoke using two screws.

No external piping is necessary for actuators with effective areas of 120 cm^2 . The signal pressure p_{st} from the positioner is transmitted to the desired diaphragm chamber via a switchover plate and internal air ducts.

Combination of positioner and actuator

Fig. 4 illustrates the different types of attachment. The specifications "left attachment" or "right attachment" apply when looking onto the switchover plate and the signal pressure connection. Depending on the intended attachment, the positioner is to be secured on either the right or the left side of the yoke.

Subsequent conversion, such as reversing the operating direction of the positioner control loop or modifying the actuator's fail-safe action, is possible. In this case, note that the positioner must also be attached in a different position.

Fail-safe action

The Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator has the two fail-safe actions which move the valve stem to the predetermined position whenever the signal pressure decreases or the air supply fails.

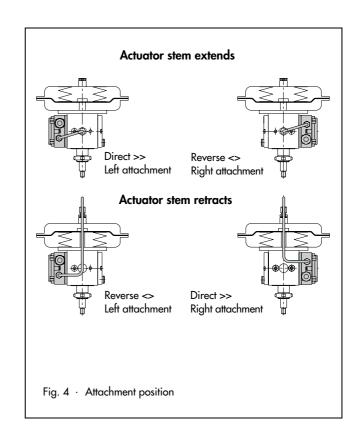
Actuator stem extends

Whenever the pressure acting on the surface of the diaphragm decreases or the air supply fails, the force of the compression springs in the actuator causes the actuator stem to extend.

Actuator stem retracts

Whenever the pressure acting on the surface of the diaphragm decreases or the air supply fails, the force of the compression springs in the actuator causes the actuator stem to retract.

Further details can be found in Data Sheet T 8310-1 EN.



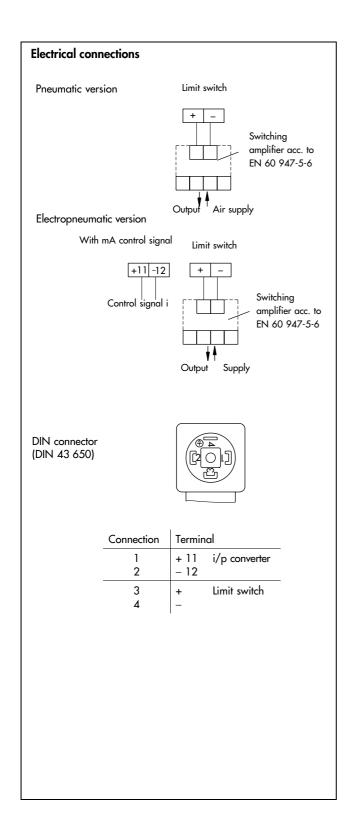
Summary of explosion protection approvals for Type 3760 Positioner

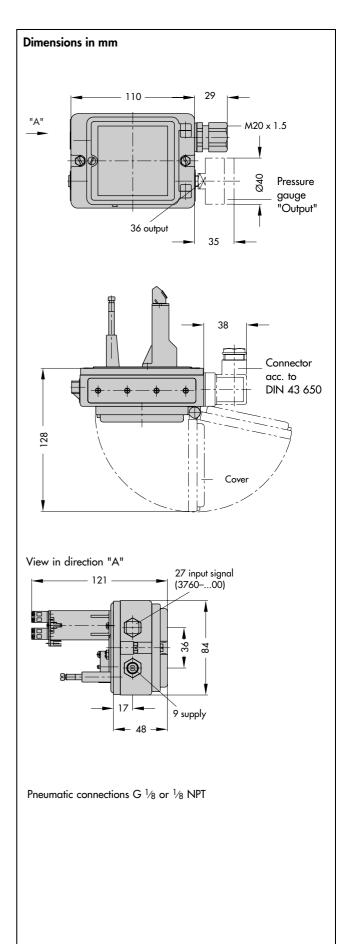
| Type of approval | Certificate number | Date | Comments |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| EC Type Examination Certificate | PTB 02 ATEX 2076 | 2002-07-18 | II 2 G EEx ia IIC T6; Inductive limit switches PTB 99 ATEX 2219 X; Type 3760-1 |
| Statement of Conformity | PTB 03 ATEX 2181 X | 2003-09-30 | (E) II 3 G EEx nA IIC T6; Zone 2; Type 3760-8 |
| CSA approval | LR 54227-23 | 1996-04-22 | Class 1, Div. 1; Groups A, B, C, D NLRC approval also valid in the USA |
| | LR 54227-32 | 1999-10-14 | Encl. 3; inductive limit switches; Type 3760-3 |
| FMRC approval | J.I. 3020228 Revision | 2005-02-28 | Classes I, II, III Div. 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G Class I, Zone 0 AEx ia IIC T6; Class I; Div. 2; Groups A, B, C, D Class II; Div. 2; Groups F, G; Class III NEMA 3R with inductive limit switches; Type 6109 and Type 6112 i/p Module; Type 3760-3 |
| JIS approval (Japan) First extension | C 13476 | August 1996 Feb. 2002 | Ex ia IIC T6; with Type 6112 i/p Module Ex ia IIC T6; valid until 2005-02-21 |
| | C13362 | Sept. 1998 | Ex ia IIC T6; with Type 6109 i/p Module; Type 3760-7 |

Refer to Data Sheet T 6116 EN for EEx d certificates for Type 6116 i/p Converter.

Materials

| Housing | Polyamide | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| External parts | Stainless steel 1.4571 and 1.4104 | | | | |
| Meas. diaphragm | Fluorosilicone rubber | | | | |
| Cable gland | Polyamide, M20 x 1.5 | | | | |





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Article code

| Positioner | Туре 3760- | x | х | х | х | х | х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---|------------|---|---|---|-----|---|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Explosion protection | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Without | | 0 | | | 2/3 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| FM/CSA intrinsically safe/non incendive | | 3 | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Australia Ex (Zone 0 and Zone 2) | | 6 | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| JIS Japan | | 7 | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 🖾 II 3 G EEx nA II T6 acc. to ATEX | | 8 | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Limit switches | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Without | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 x inductive, SJ2-SN | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pneumatic connections | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ISO 228/1 - G 1/8 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1/8 - 27 NPT | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| Electrical connection | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Without | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Cable gland M20 x 1.5, blue (plastic) | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Cable gland M20 x 1.5, black (plastic) | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| Connector DIN 43650-AF3-PG11 | | | | | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| i/p module | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Without | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Type 6109 | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Type 6112 | | | | | | 2 | 1/2 | /3 | | | | | |
| Reference variable | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.2 1.0 bar / 3 15 psi | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | |
| 4 20 mA | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 0 20 mA | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| 1 5 mA | | | | | | | 3 | | | | | | |

Accessories

Adapter 1/2 NPT for electrical connections

Additional specifications

Range spring 1/...7/
Pressure gauge Without/with
Gauge housing CrNiMo steel,

Connection optionally nickel-plated/completely CrNiMo steel

Specifications subject to change without notice.



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