

ISO 900⁻

Oxygen Sensor

QGO20...



The QGO20... is an oxygen sensor designed for measuring the residual oxygen content of flue gases in heat generation plant burning natural gas or light fuel oil.

Together with the RPO25... control unit, it monitors and controls the combustion process.

The QGO20... and this data sheet are intended for OEMs which integrate the oxygen sensor in their products!

Using the products of the ECOGYR range, and especially in connection with oxygen trim control,

- emissions will be minimized, and
- the efficiency of the combustion process optimized also with retrofits

The QGO20... is suited for use in all types of heat generation plant burning natural gas or light fuel oil with flue gas temperatures up to 300 °C at the point of measurement.

Mechanical design

Use

The QGO20... consists of

- immersion tube with mounting flange made of heat-resistant stainless steel, and
- connecting head made of die-cast aluminium

The immersion tube contains and protects

- the measuring cell
- the cell heating element, and is
- resistant to aggressive substances found in the flue gases of combustion plant burning natural gas or light fuel oil

The sensor's connecting head accommodates a printed circuit board with the terminals for the electric connections.

The cable enters through replaceable Pg entry glands.

The cable glands can be left with the cable, thus facilitating installation and service work.

Accessory

The QGO20... is for use with the flue gas collector AGO20...

- which is to be welded into the stack where the measurement shall be made, also serving as a
- mounting flange and
- flue gas guidance

Warning notes	To avoid personal injury, damage to property or the environment, the following warning notes must be observed:			
<u> </u>	 It is not permitted to open, interfere with or modify the oxygen sensor! Electric shock hazard! The control unit RPO25 must be completely isolated from the mains supply before performing any wiring changes on the QGO20! During operation, the sensor's connecting head must be closed Risk of explosion! Check wiring and all safety functions! Make certain the hot QGO20 does not get into contact with explosive or inflammable gases! Risk of injury on the hot immersion tube! Remove QGO20 from AGO20 only after the equipment has cooled down! 			
Engineering notes	 Check the electromagnetic compatibility with adjacent components! Do not put the burner into operation before the sensor's heating up phase is terminated! ⇒ Collection of condensate inside the QGO20 When commissioning the plant, a heating up time of at least 2 hours should be observed, afterwards at least 1 hour! ⇒To avoid incorrect measurements If the burner is shut down for less than 1 or 2 weeks, keep QGO20 and RPO25 under voltage! To ensure a good response, always use the QGO20 together with the AGO20 			
Mounting notes	 The relevant national safety regulations must be complied with! The QGO20 may only be used with natural gas and light fuel oil! ⇒ Other fuels can damage the sensor, due to aggressive substances contained in their flue gases. The flue gas temperature at the QGO20 may not exceed max. 300 °C! ⇒ Higher temperatures may damage the sensor! To facilitate mounting, both the QGO20 and AGO20 carry markings (refer to Mounting Instructions M7842). The sensor must be mounted at a location where the flue gas flow is homogeneous, with no or only very limited turbulence! When mounted near air dampers or pipe bends, faulty measurements can occur. Air must not be allowed to join the flue gases between the burner and the point of measurement! 			
Installation notes	 Installation and commissioning work may only be carried out by qualified personnel! Observe the maximum permissible sensor lengths and relevant specification! ⇒ Refer to «Technical data»! Always run ignition cables separately, with the greatest possible distance to other cables! Check wiring carefully before putting the sensor into operation! 			
Service notes	 Replace the flange gasket on each service visit! Allow the QGO20 to cool down before applying compressed air for cleaning! Check flue gas collector AGO20 at regular intervals and clean if necessary! 			

Ordering	Oxygen sensor,	Oxygen sensor, incl. flange gasket				
	Flange gasket, f	Flange gasket, for service				
	•	Flue gas collector				
		 For stack dia. up to 400 mm For stack dia above 400 mm 				
		Control unit for measuring and controlling the residual oxygen content RPO25.000A27 – Also refer to data sheet 7847				
Technical data	Mains voltage for heat	ting the measuring cell	Measuring principle			
QGO20	(only with RPO2)	AC 230 V ±15 %		ll as an oxygen ion conductor		
	Mains frequency	5060 Hz ±6 %	Perm. flue gas velocity			
	Power consumption	max. 90 W typically 35 W	(only with AGO20)	110 m/s		
	Perm. mounting orien refer t	tation o Mounting Instructions M7842	Perm. fuels Measuring range	light fuel oil or natural gas 0.220.9 % O2		
	Degree of protection Weight	IP 40 approx. 0.9 kg	Perm. cable length	max. 100 m		
	Signal lines - Shielded 6-core cabl	le, twisted pairs	Power supply lines - Mains cable			
	- Shielding connected	- Shielding connected to terminal GND of RPO25 Wire dia.				
	- Dia. of wire e.g.	min. 0.25 mm² LiYCY 6 x 2 x 0.2 / 22 or LiYCY 6 x 2 x 0.2	e.g.	NYM 3x1.5		
	Environmental cond	Environmental conditions				
	Operation	IEC 721-3-3	Transport	IEC 721-3-2		
	Climatic conditions	class 3K5	Climatic conditions	class 2K2		
	Temperature range		Temperature range	-25+70 °C		
	- Flange	max. 250 °C	Humidity	< 95 % r.h.		
	 Connecting head 	max. 70 °C	Mechanical conditions	class 2M2		
	 Flue gas 	≤ 300 °C				
	Humidity	< 95 % r.h.				
۷	Condensation, formati	Condensation, formation of ice and ingress of water are not permitted!				
AGO20	Tube	DN50, steel X5 CrNi 18 9	Flange	DN50, steel X5 CrNi 18 9		
	Tube length	180 mm for AGO20.001A				
		or 260 mm for AGO20.002A				

Functions

The difference of oxygen concentrations in the measured gas and the reference gas at the measuring cell generates a voltage which is used as a signal for the RPO25... control unit.

The measuring cell is made of zirconium dioxide (ZrO2).

As ZrO2 becomes oxygen ion-conductive at high temperatures, the difference between the O2 concentrations inside and outside the measuring cell generates an electrical voltage.

This voltage, the so-called Nernst voltage VN, is acquired by porous platinum electrodes located on the inner and outer sides of the measuring cell.

A heating element keeps the measuring cell at a constant working temperature of 700 °C.

The flue gas enters the gas guidance chamber from the bottom of the sensor tube and passes the space between the outside of the measuring cell and the gas guidance in 1 to 2 seconds, then leaving laterally through the sensor tube.

The inside of the measuring cell, which is hermetically sealed against the ingress of flue gases, communicates with the outside air which is used as the reference gas when making measurements (20.9 % O2).

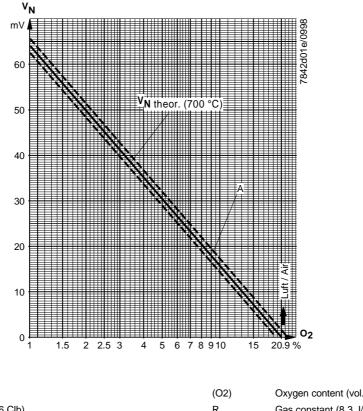
The Nernst voltage VN is a function of the oxygen content differential and the temperature of the measuring cell as expressed by the following formula:

$$VN = \frac{R \times T}{4F} In \frac{(O2)Ref}{(O2)} = (mV)$$

where:

$$\frac{R \times T}{4F} = 20.9 \, mV \, at \, 700^{\,\circ}C$$

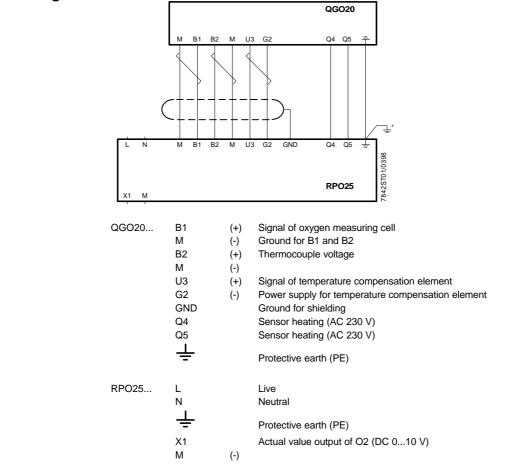
According to the above formula, the Nernst voltage at an oxygen concentration of 1 % in the flue gas is 64 mV.



Legend

А	Tolerance range	(O2)	Oxygen content (vol. %) of flue gas
F	Faraday constant (96486 Clb)	R	Gas constant (8.3 J/K)
In	Natural logarithm	Т	Absolute temperature of measuring cell (973 K)
(O2)Ref	Oxygen content (vol. %) inside the measuring cell (reference gas)	VN	Nernst voltage

Connection diagram

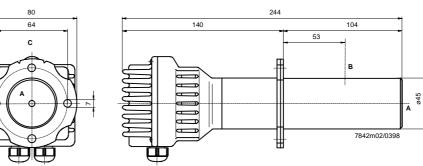


Dimensions

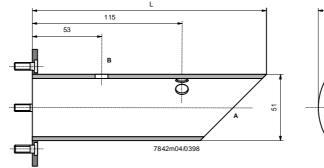
QGO20...

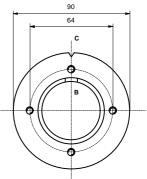
Legend

Dimensions in mm









Notch on the flange marking the flue gas outlet side

Legend

- A Flue gas inlet
- B Flue gas outlet
- L 180 mm for AGO20.001A 260 mm for AGO20.002A

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